BRAZIL'S PATH TO SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

June 10th, 2019

ERIVALDO ALFREDO GOMES Secretario de Assuntos Econômicos Internacionais





www.economia.gov.br

BRAZIL AT A GLANCE

							June 6, 2019
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
GDP (% YoY)	0,50	-3,55	-3,31	1,06	1,12	1,13 (*)	2,50 (*)
Consumer Inflation IPCA (% YoY)	6,41	10,67	6,29	2,95	3,75	3,98 (*)	4,00 (*)
Current Account (USD bi)	-101,4	-54,5	-24,0	-7,2	-14,5	-25,05 (*)	-35,30 (*)
Foreign Investment in the Country (USD bi)	87,7	60,3	73,4	70,3	88,3	82,7(*)	84,4 (*)
International Reserves (USD bi)	364	356	365	374	375	387 (04 jun)	-
Unemployment rate (%)	6,5	8,9	12,0	11,8	11,6	-	-
General Government Gross Debt (% GDP)	56,3	65,5	69,9	74,1	77,2	79,7 (**)	80,9 (**)
Ibovespa Index (BRL, % chg.)	-2,9	-13,3	38,9	26,9	15,0	9,8 (ytd)	-
CDS 5 years (year average)	186	470	285	164	205	171 (Jun/19)	-
Interest rate (Selic Target) (%, eop)	11,75	14,25	13,75	7,00	6,50	6,50 (*)	7,25 (*)

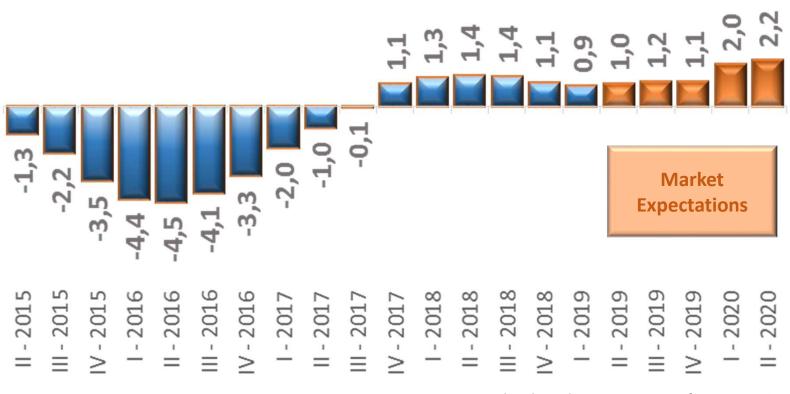
Estimates: (*) Focus Survey, Central Bank of Brazil, May. 31,2019); (**) Prisma Fiscal, May.2019

Sources: Central Bank, STN, Reuters



GROWTH EXPECTED TO ACCELERATE

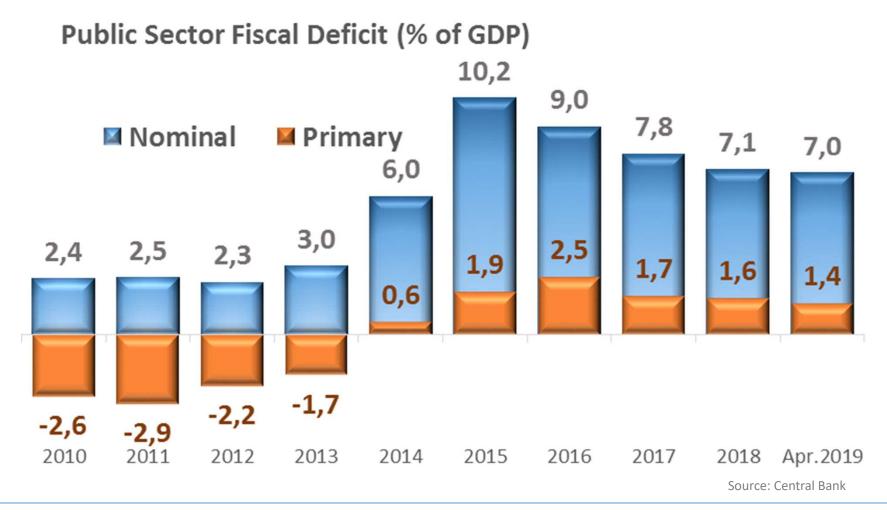
Gross Domestic Product (% change in 4Q ver the previous period)



Source: Central Bank. Market expectations as of May 31, 2019

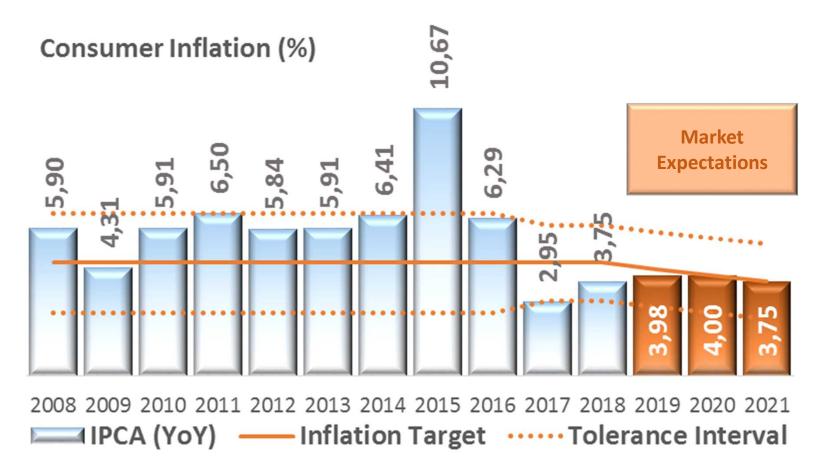


FISCAL RESULTS ARE SLOWLY IMPROVING





A SUCCESSFULL INFLATION TARGET REGIME



Source: Central Bank. Market expectations as of May 31, 2019



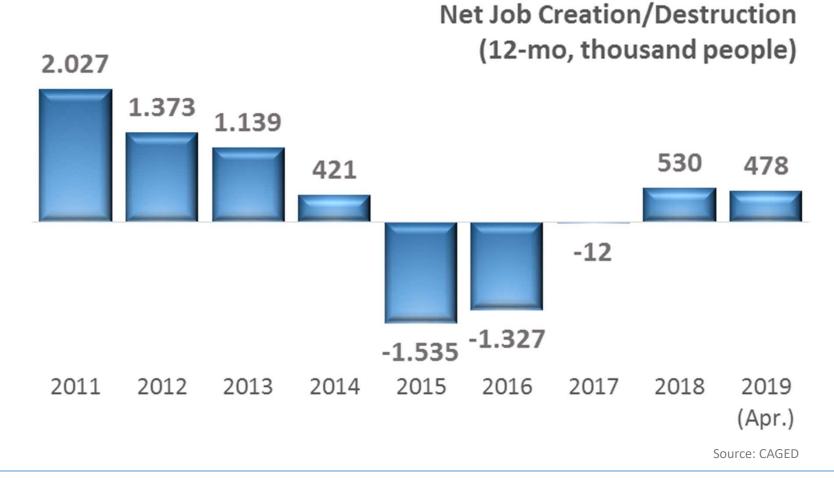
EXTERNAL FINANCING NEEDS FUNDED BY FDI WITH CONSIDERABLE LEEWAY

3,9 4,0 3,7 3,3 3,2 3,3 2,7 2,5 2,4 -0,8 -0,4 -1,3 -2,9 -3,0 -3,4 -3,2 -4,1 2012 2017 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 APT.2019 Current Account Direct Investment (net)

External Financing Needs (% of GDP, 12-mo.)

Source: Central Bank

FORMAL JOB MARKET IS STABLE





Structural, Regulatory and Infrastructure Framework Modernization



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Social Security Reform		Next Steps		
 Brazil spends more than half of the Federal budget on social security and benefits. Without the reform, the Gen. Govt. Gross Debt will climb 25 p.p. in the next 5 years Currently being discussed at a Congress Special Commission (40 sessions). Approved in the House of Representatives regarding its constitutionality Impact: R\$ 1.2 trillion over 10 years 	•	 Two voting rounds in the House of Representatives and in the Senate. Needs 308 of the 513 votes and 49 of the 81 votes, respectively Analysis of its constitutionality by a Senate commission Changes made by the Senate must be voted by the House of Representatives Expected to be approved in 2019 		

Tax Reform	Next Steps
 Aims at simplifying the tax system and at reducing the tax burden, legal insecurity and legal dispute Includes the merger of federal taxes (PIS/COFINS, IPI, CSLL and IOF) into a Federal Single Tax Instrument: PEC and infra constitutional measures 	Legislation being prepared by the Government
Economic Freedom (Interim Order n. 881/2019)	Next Steps
• Reduces red tape and state intervention in economic activities, facilitating the opening of new businesses	Congress approval until Oct. 2019



Central Bank Independence	Next Steps
•On April 11th, the Government sent to Congress a bill establishing formal independence to the Central Bank of Brazil. It comprises a four- to eight-year term for the directorate of the institution, with no overlapping with the presidential mandate; and the end of ministerial status given to the president of the Bank.	 Congress appreciation Instrument: Supplementary Bill
Trade Liberalization	Next Steps
 Openness targeted to increase from 22% to 30% of GDP in four years 2019 initiatives include the end of quantitative restrictions on the free trade agreement of autos with Mexico; modernization of tax agreements; import tax reduced to zero on 449 industrial machines and equipment not produced domestically; among others 	• Free Trade agreement between Mercosur and the European Union

Ombudsman for Direct Investments

- Consultation for foreign investors about legislation or administrative procedures related to investments in Brazil
- Effective since April 2019



Combat embezzlement of social security benefits		Next Steps
 Revision of 6.4 million benefits granted, with expected savings of R\$ 9.8 billion in 12 months; stricter rules for the concession of new benefits. New rules to simplify and make more efficient the judicial collection of debt due and unpaid to the Social Security, focused on big debtors. 		• Bill of Law to be sent to Congress
Subsidies reduction		Next Steps
• Reduction and streamlining of subsidies granted by the Government, which amount to around 4.7% of GDP in the 2019 budget.		In preparation
Extreme poverty reduction		Next Steps
•On April 11th, the Government announced one additional allowance per year for the 14 million households covered by conditional cash transfers (Bolsa Família Program). There is no fiscal impact, due to the relocation of public expenditures.		• Interim Order to be enacted in Oct.

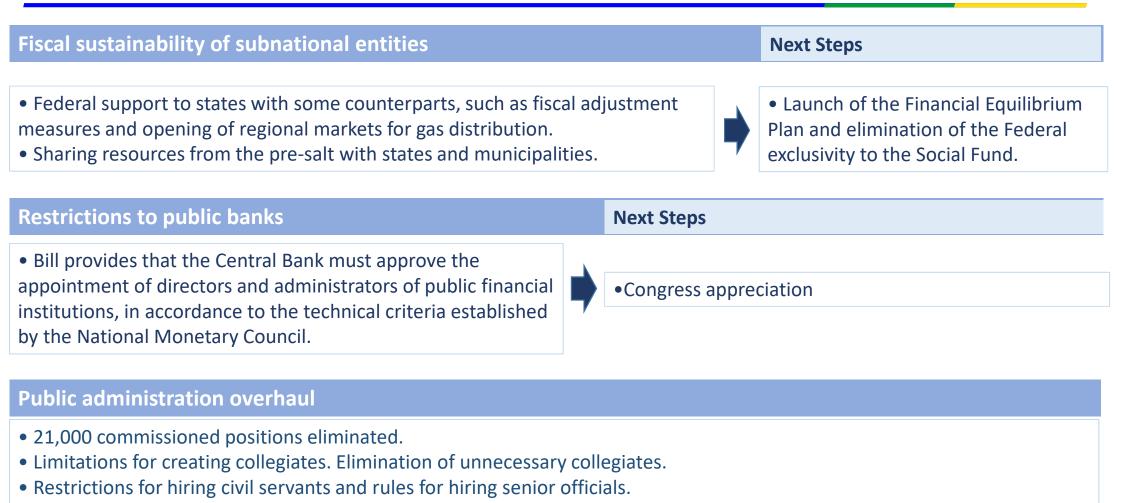
Positive Credit Registry Law

• Law that includes individuals and companies in a database with information on their credit track record, aiming at broadening and easing credit opportunities for those with a good payment record.











Digital Government	Next Steps
 Digital Citizenship Platform (access and provision of digital p GovData (crossing and information analysis of the main offic ConectaGov (connection and exchange of information betw systems) 	ial databases)
Auction of Assignment Agreement	Next Steps
• The auctioning of the surplus of around 5 to 6 billion barrels will result in a compensation for Petrobras of US\$ 9.0 billion. The signature bonus is estimated at around US\$ 26.5 billion	Auction scheduled for Oct. 28th, 2019
Privatization	Next Steps
• The sale of state-owned companies and Voluntary	
Dismissal Programs are under preparation. There are 134 companies owned by the Fed. Govt. (being 88 subsidiaries), with more than 450,000 employees	• On June 6 th , 2019, the Supreme Court ruled that subsidiaries do not need Congress approval to be sold



Investments, Concessions and Privatizations



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INVESTMENTS, CONCESSIONS AND PRIVATIZATIONS

Privatization of 7 Distributors

(CELG, CEAL, CEPISA, CERON, Eletroacre, Amazonas, Boa Vista)

• Concessions of 2 Hydroelectric Plants

52 PPI Projects Auctioned Or Renewed

and 1

Concession





Supply



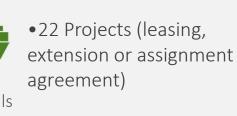
•4th Marginal Fields Round •14th and 15th Exploratory Blocks Bidding Round • 2nd to 5th Pre-Salt Production Sharing **Bidding Rounds**

Airports



(Norte-Sul) Railways







 Concession of Rodovia da Integração do Sul

•16

Concessions

Highways

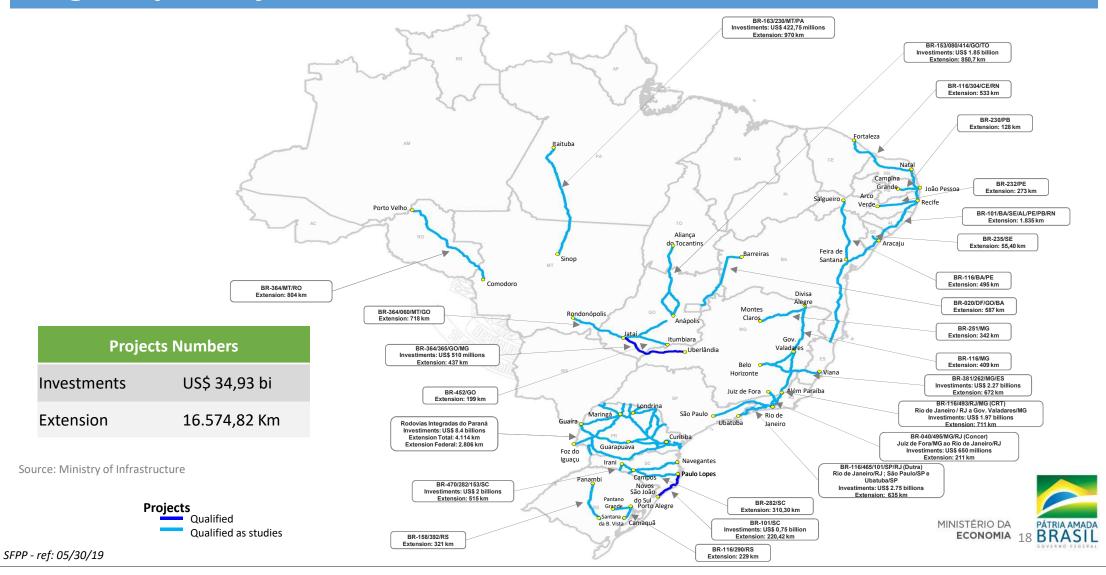


INVESTMENTS, CONCESSIONS AND PRIVATIZATIONS





Highway – Project Potfolio



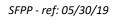
SFPP Road Projects

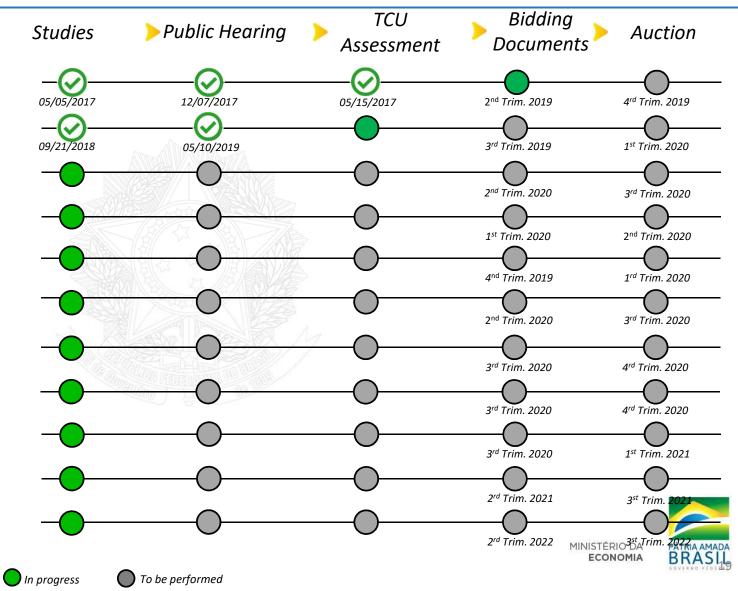
- BR-364/365/GO/MG
- BR-101/SC
- -BR-381/262/MG/ES
- BR-163/230/MT/PA
- BR-153/080/414/GO/TO
- BR-470/282/153/SC
- BR-040/495/MG/RJ (Concer)
- BR-116/465/101/SP/RJ (Dutra)
- BR-116/493/RJ/MG (CRT)
- Highways Integradas do Paraná

Completed

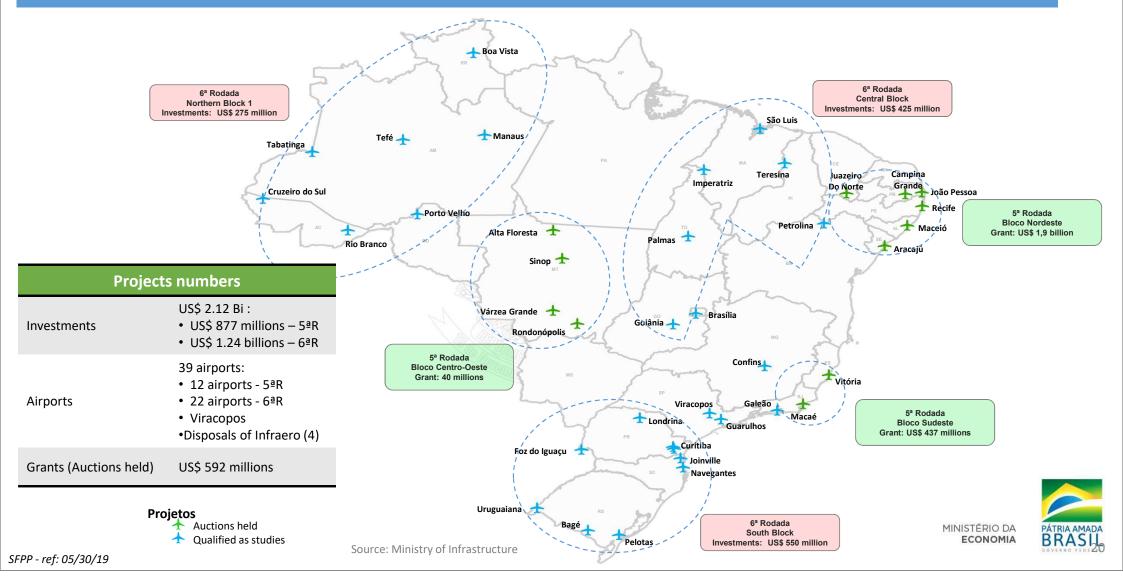
- Highways 7200 km

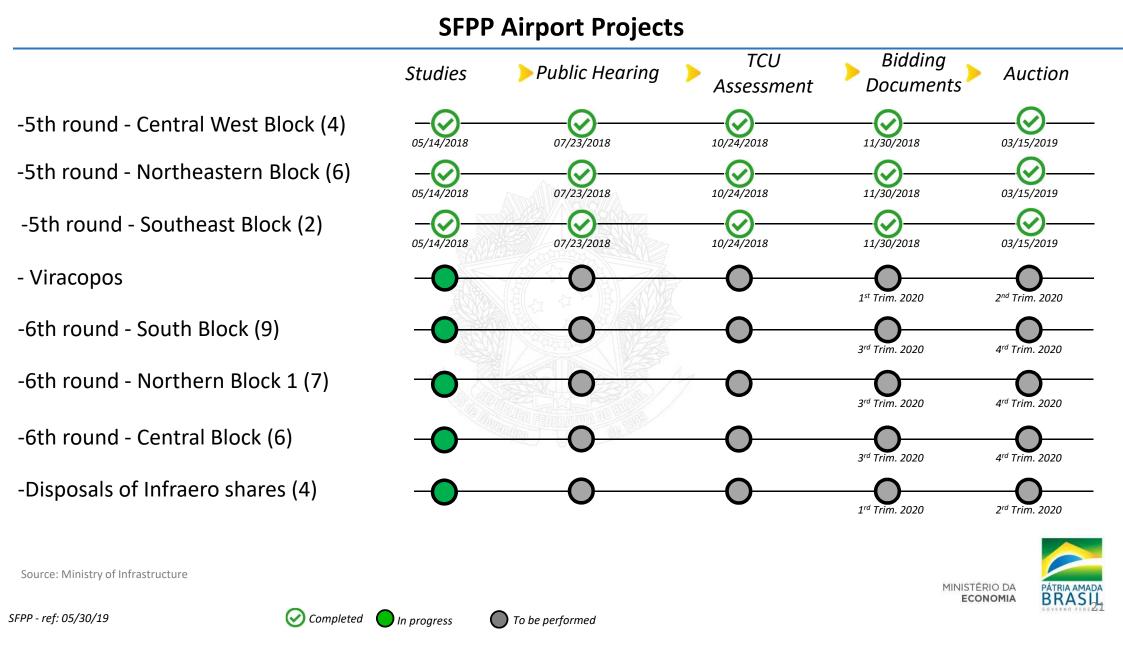
Source: Ministry of Infrastructure



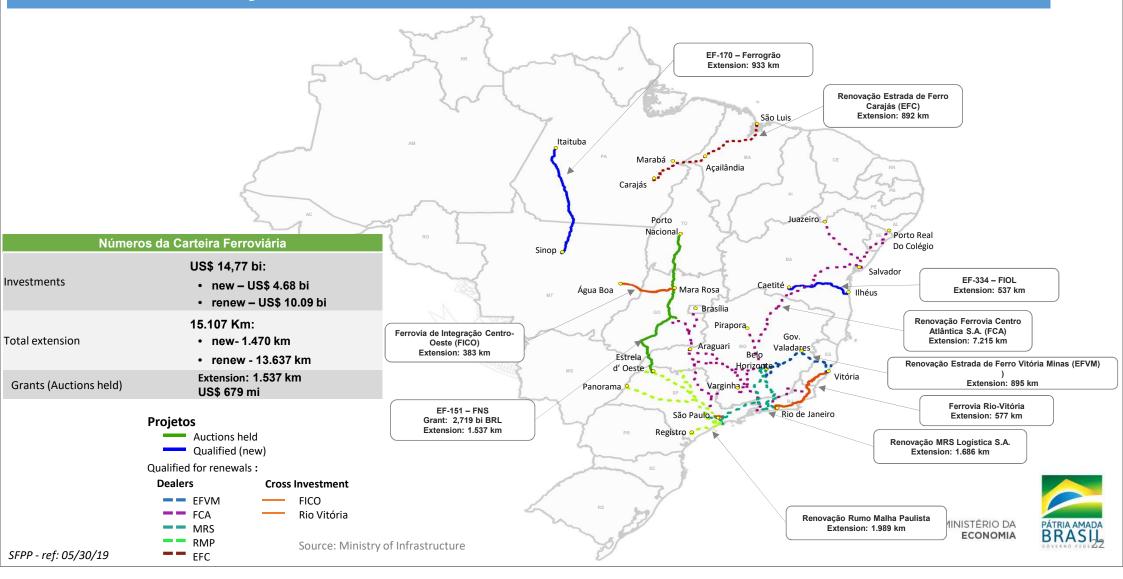


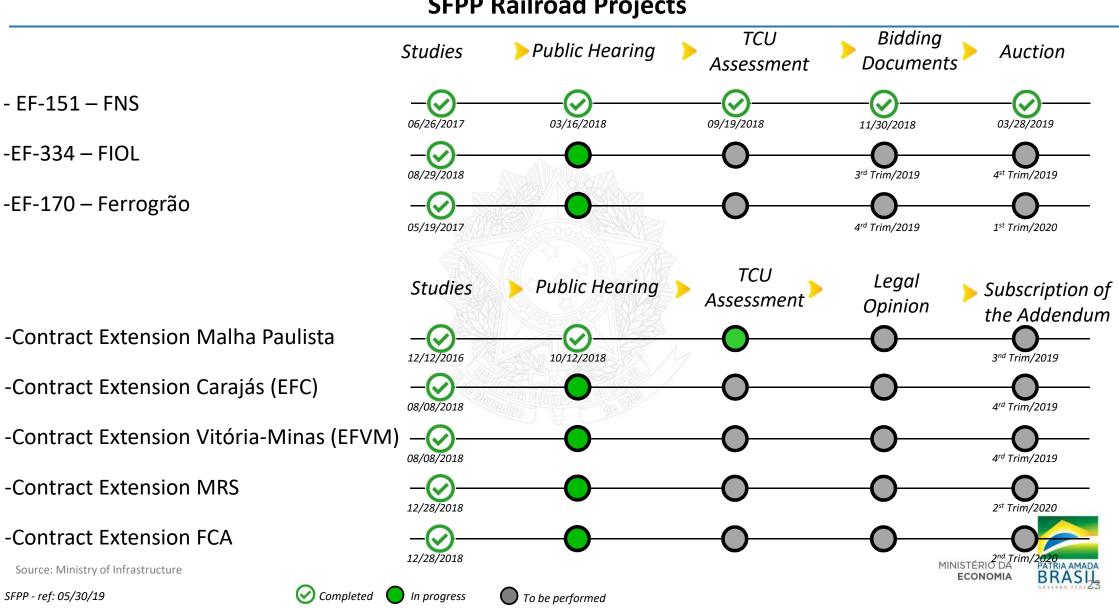
Airports – Projects Portfolio



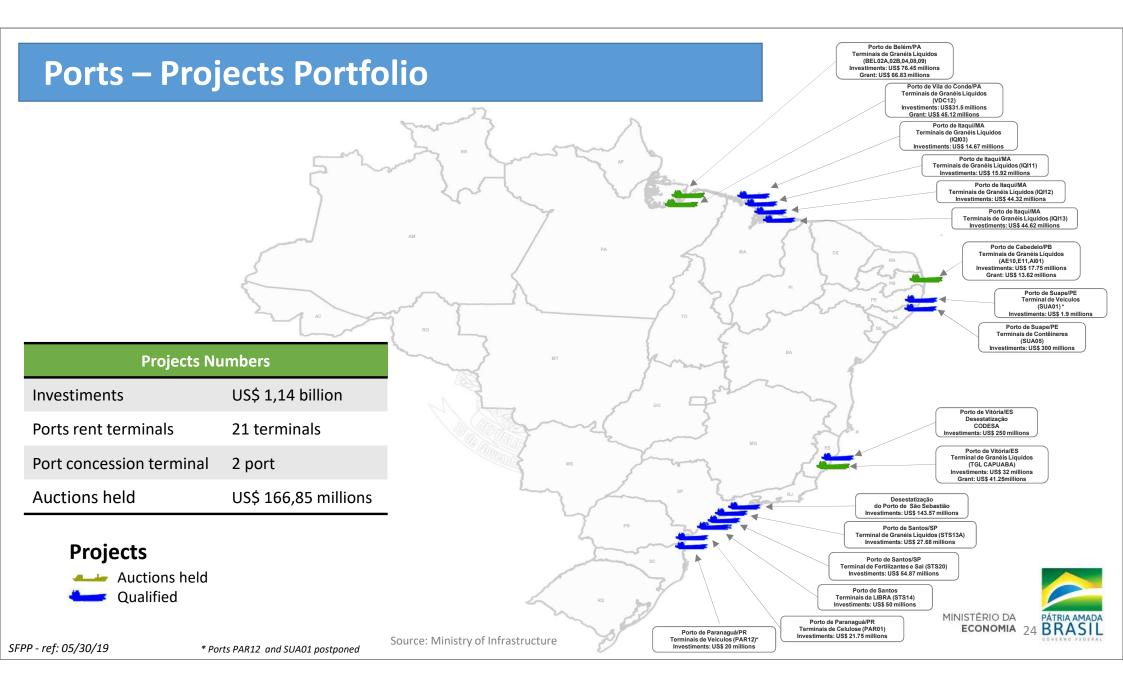


Railroad – Projects Portfolio





SFPP Railroad Projects



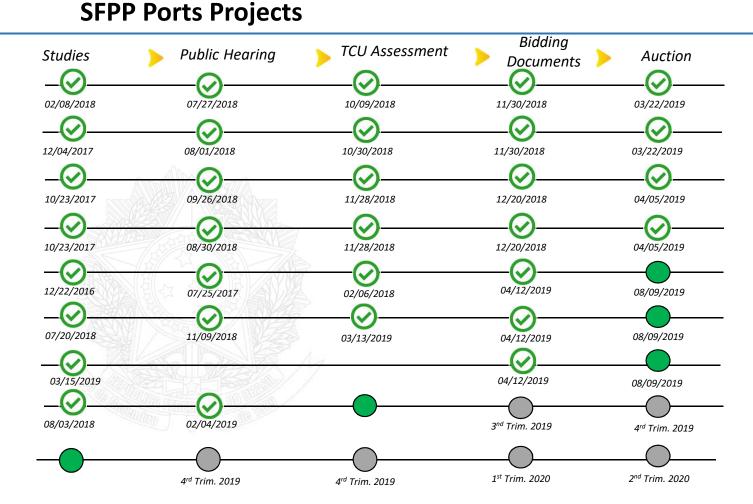
- Port of Vitória/ES (TGL CAPUABA)
- Port of Cabedelo/PB(AE10,AE11,AI01)
- -Port of Belém/PA (BEL02A,02B,04,08,09)

Completed

In proaress

To be performed

- Port of Vila do Conde/PA (VDC12)
- Port of Paranaguá/PR (PAR01)
- Port of Santos/SP (STS 13A)
- Port of Santos/SP (STS20)
- Port of Suape/PE (SUA05)
- Port of Santos (STS 14)

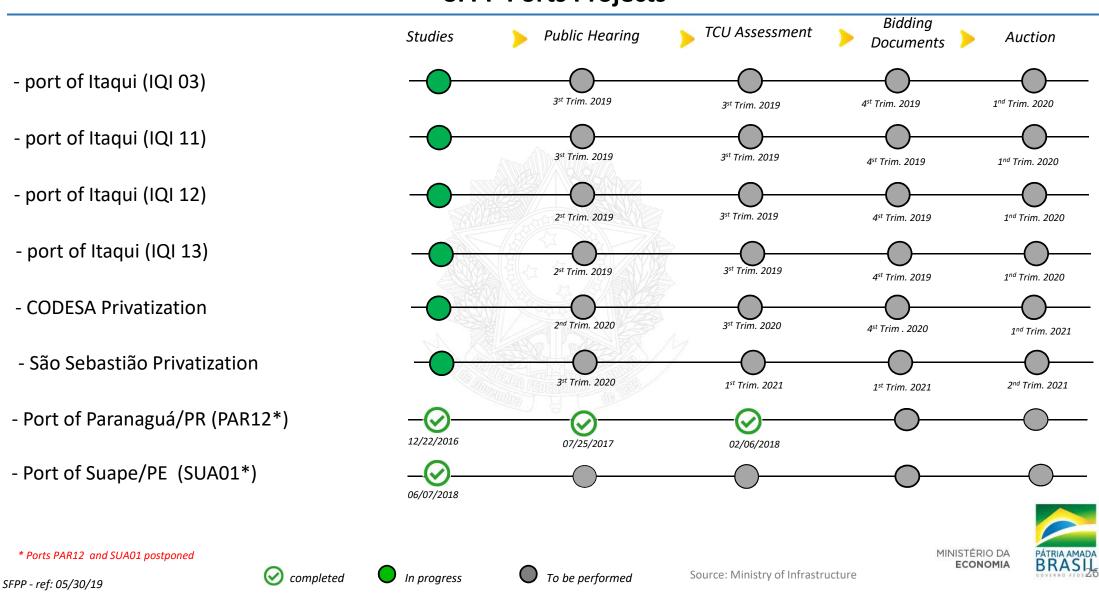




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ECONOMIA

Source: Ministry of Infrastructure



SFPP Ports Projects



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Recent Improvements to the Business Environment in Brazil

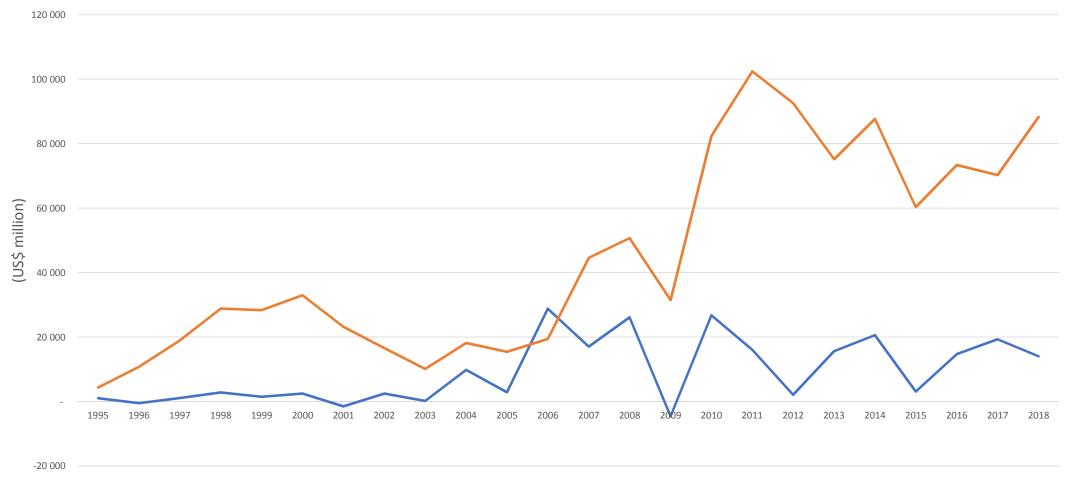
Renato Baumann SE/CAMEX

New Policy Approach – More Business Friendly

- Zero import tariff for several capital goods without domestic production
- Reduction of the time required to register a foreign-owned company, from 45 to 3 days
- Creation under a ´single window` mechanism of a centralized payment mechanism for all taxes on foreign trade
- Authorization of 100% of foreign capital in domestic airlines
- More flexible rules for government procurement
- Increased concern with Socially Responsible Business Practices

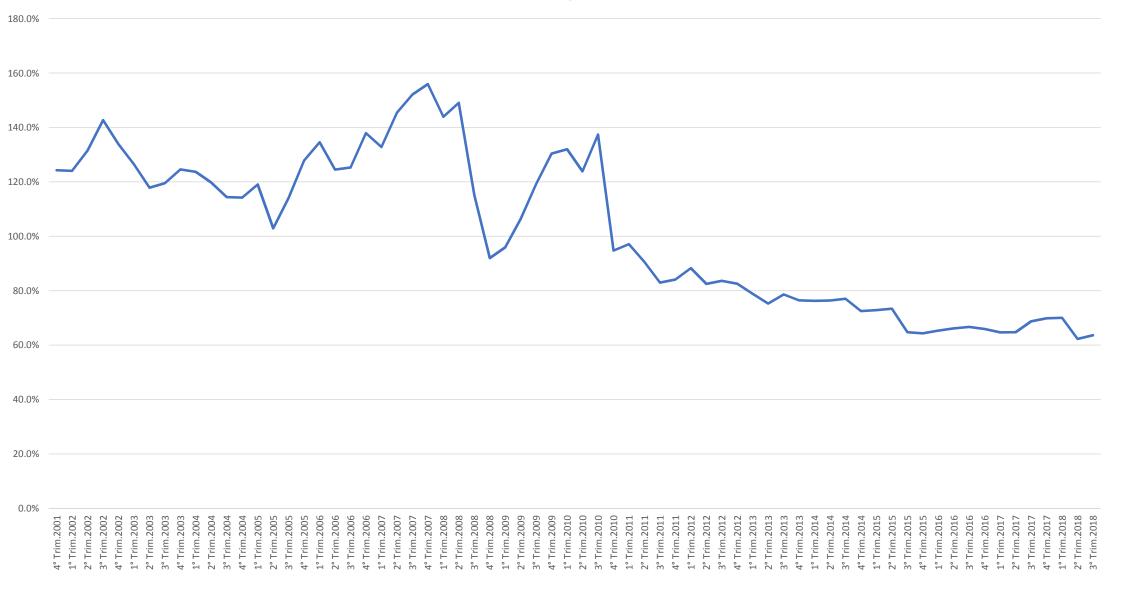
A Brief Overview of Foreign Investment in Brazil

Direct Investment in Brazil



-Outflow -Inflow

Portfolio Investment/Direct Investment



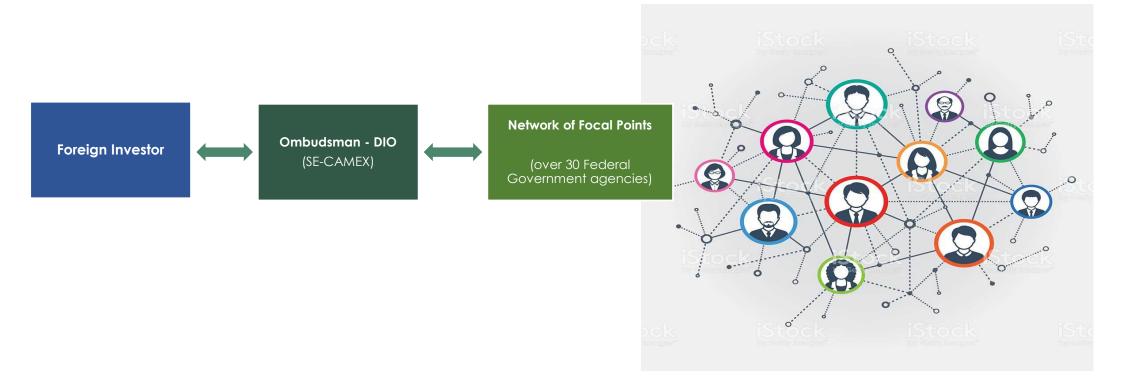
Two recent initiatives related to Direct Investment stand-out

I - The Direct Investment Ombudsman (DIO)

Foreign Direct Investment Ombudsman (DIO)

- "single window" for foreign investors
- Requests to be answered with the support of focal points (set of over 30 federal Government agencies plus representatives from all States)
- Ombudsman reports to the Council of viceministers responsible for the foreign investment policies

Network of DIO Focal Points



www.oid.economia.gov.br

Esplanada dos Ministérios Ministério da Economia Bloco "J", Sl. 904 Brasília – DF, CEP: 70170-900

II - The National Contact Point

OECD Guidelines for Responsible Business Conduct

The Importance of Business Responsibility

 Consumers prefer products and services from companies concerned with social responsibility and environmental sustainability

• Sustainability can be a strategic tool to reduce costs and risks, thus fostering profitability and market share

• Furthermore, investors might be led to reduce their participation in companies with a negative image

OECD Guidelines:

11 Dimensions to be observed by multinational companies

Brazil has signed the OECD Declaration on International Investment and Multinational Companies (comprising the Guidelines) in 1997

Number of Processes so far

Under analysis	3
Refused	6
Concluded	17

Like the Ombudsman:

• the NCP relies upon a diversified set of focal points

• the NCP reports to the Council of vice-ministers responsible for the foreign investment policy

pcn.ocde@economia.gov.br www.pcn.economia.gov.br

These initiatives contribute to a favourable environment for investors

and

It is expected that investors show Social Responsibility

Finally, an invitation to potential investors in Brazil



FÓRUM DE INVESTIMENTOS BRASIL 2019 BRASIL INVESTMENT FORUM 2019

SAVE THE DATE

The Brasil Investment Forum 2019 will take place on October 10th and 11th, at the World Trade Center, in São Paulo.

For more information please visit: www.brasilinvestmentforum.com

> Apex-Brasil +55 61 2027 – 0202 bif@apexbrasil.com.br









MINISTRY OF



2nd Brazil Japan Meeting for Cooperation on Infrastructure

Smart Sustainable Cities in Brazil

Investment Opportunities and Methodology

Vitor Menezes

Secretary of de Telecommunications

Ministry of Science, Technology, Innovation and Communications



Srazil in numbers:

- Population 210 Million (May 2019).
- 5.570 municipalities .
- Broadband Infrastructure:
 - Fixed (in service) = 32M (cable/xdsl/fiber) -> 43% of domiciles
 - Mobile (in service) = 186M (3G/4G) -> 99% / 93% pop. coverage

100

Broadband Uptake:

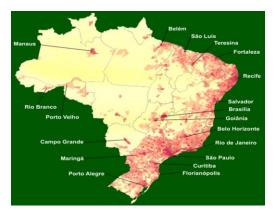
Backhau

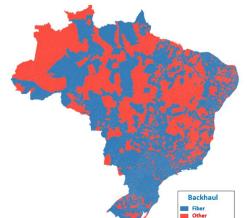
Backbone

 \circ Fixed + Mobile (active online) = 75% of domiciles

Fixed

• Smartphone = 66% of population

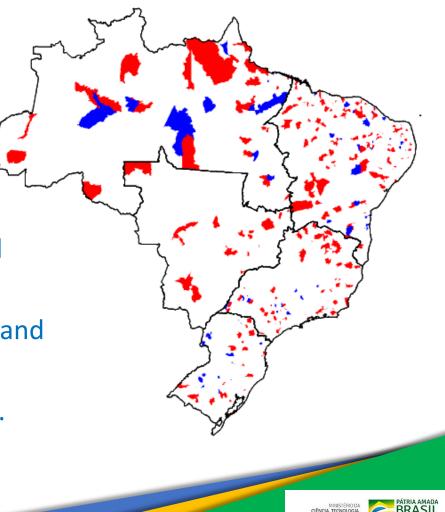








- ✓ Existing Program (since 2012)
- ✓ 139 selected municipalities received investments in Optical Fiber Rings.
- ✓ Aimed at increasing Internet access and the provision of digital services.
- ✓ Additional 78 municipalities in 2019.
- ✓ Will be replaced by new program: "Smart Sustainable Cities"



Programa Brasileiro para cidades inteligentes **Sustentáveis**



✓ ITU-T Recommendations:

- Smart Sustainable Cities Maturity Model.
- Assessment Framework for Digital Transformation of Sectors in Smart Cities.

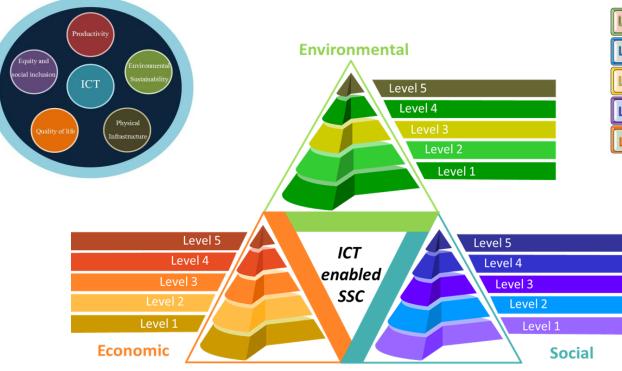
✓ Definition:

"A smart sustainable city is an innovative city that uses information and communication technologies (ICTs) and other means to improve quality of life, efficiency of urban operation and services, and competitiveness, while ensuring that it meets the needs of present and future generations with respect to economic, social, environmental as well as cultural aspects".









Level 5 Continual Improvement Level 4 Integration Level 3 Deployment Level 2 Alignment Level 1 Planning

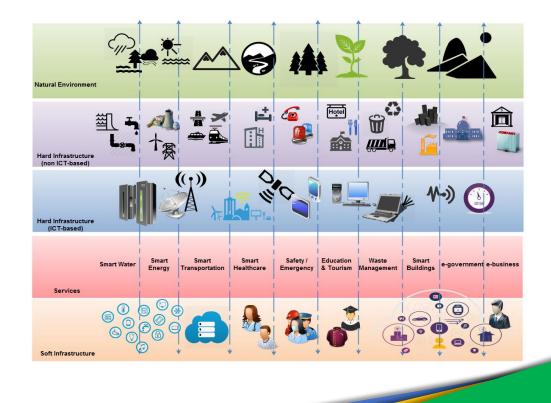


SMART SUSTAINABLE CITIES KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS





- ✓ ITU-T has developed a set of key performance indicators (KPIs) to assist cities in integrating ICT services into their existing urban operations.
- ✓ These KPIs provide cities with a credible monitoring system for their smart city transitions.







Brazil Roadmap:

- Governance Instance (Chamber for Smart Sustainable Cities)
- Policy for Smart Sustainable Cities (Decree)
- Selection of Indicators for Smart Sustainable Cities
- Assessment Framework Leveling
- National Strategy for Smart Sustainable Cities:
 - ✓ Implementation.
 - ✓ Maturity Model for Smart Sustainable Cities.
 - ✓ Certification of Smart Sustainable Cities.



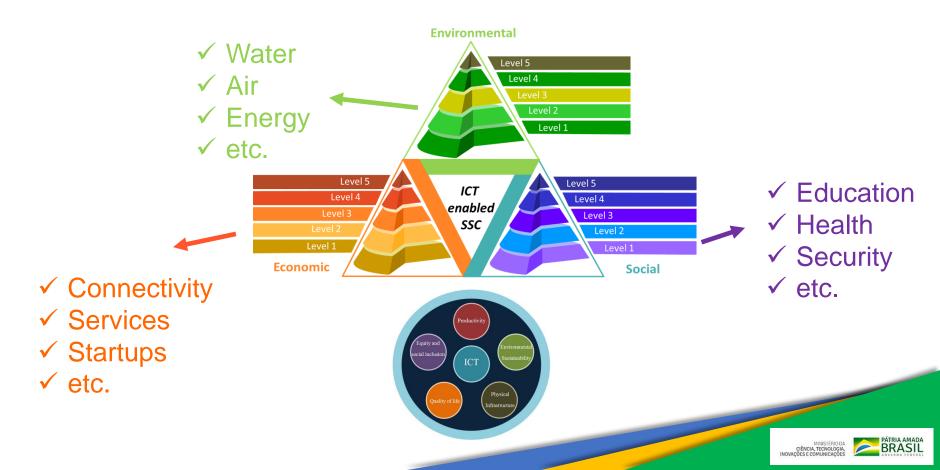








SMART SUSTAINABLE CITIES STRATEGY IMPLEMENTATION



Thank you! Questions?

Vitor Menezes

Secretary of de Telecommunications

Ministry of Science, Technology, Innovation and Communications

